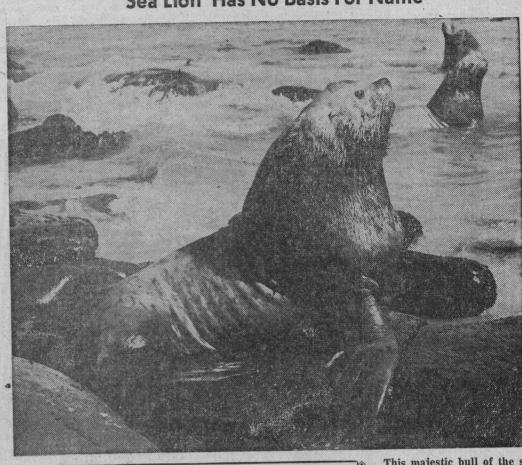
'Sea Lion' Has No Basis For Name



Hong The Trail ken legg

The naming of sea lions is confusing. Early Spanish explorers called them sea wolves, which accounts for so many Point Lobos' along the coast. Lobo is Spanish for wolf. Now, we call the animals sea lions though actually they are more closely retually they are more closely related to the bear, and certainly have no relationship with a lion, the largest member of the cat family.

Sea lions are usually referred to by laymen as seals, but, as a previous article pointed out, seals are separate mammals, having certain differences in structure and habit. Zoologists prefer the name sea lion.

Those animals which in circus acts are referred to as trained seals, are female sea lions. So, to straighten the matter out in everyone's mind becomes quite a problem.

problem.
There are two species of sea lions in the West, the California and the stellar. The stellar is more abundant in California and is a larger animal. Bulls of this species are 10 feet long and weigh up to 2000 pounds. The photo is of a stellar bull and was taken by Karl Kenyon in Alaska. Cow sea lions are slimmer and weigh only half as much as the males.

Experts can distinguish the two species by the sounds they produce. Bull Californias have a yelping bark somewhat like the baying of hounds while the stellars bawl, more like cattle.

In the early California per-iod sea lions were relentlessly pursued. The California was killed for its oil and hides un-til few were left and the oc-cupation was no longer profitable. Stellars were not exploited to the extent of the Californias as hunters were more en-

NONCO

Santa Cruz Social Security Club will have a TURKEY DINNER

for their members MONDAY, NOV. 21 12:00 O'CLOCK at HACKLEY HALL

Members bring hot dish or pie Meetings & Entertainment

grossed in obtaining more valuable species.

Sea lions appear to be migratory. For example, the bulls usually go north in winter. There
are some places in California,
however, where sea lions can be
found throughout the year.

I have identified both species
on the "seal rock" at the lighthouse in Santa Cruz. There have
been times when none would be
present here for considerable

been times when none would be present here for considerable periods. But, they always return. Unless one would keep an annual record of their appearance and departure it would be difficult to say just what seasons they are present in Santa Cruz.

Sea lion rocks are known as rockeries. These are far from santary by human standards as

sanitary by human standards as excreta and dead sea lions are simply trodden underfoot. Since they get several good baths a day, and a high wave now and then cleans house perhaps this is not so much of a problem.

It is rather supposition

It is rather surprising to learn that the young of an animal which lives such an aquatic existence must be taught to swim. Young sea lions are more helpless in water (until taught to swim) than the young of many land animals. The greatest natural check on the population is the great mortality suffered among the young washed off rocks in storms, or through accidents, by being washed off rocks in storms, or through drowning.

Even after a swimming lesson when the young crawl back on the rocks to rest and sun themselves, they may run into difficulty. When two old bulls are fighting and lunging at each other they take no notice of the other they take no notice of the young, and such small fry must be expert at removing themselves

from the scene or get crushed.
Sea lions are clever, intelligent
animals and in captivity have
been trained to perform intricate
tricks. In the wild they display
a spirit of playfulness. They roll, tricks. In the wild they display a spirit of playfulness. They roll, twist, wrestle and make contact with one another. Often they shoot straight up out of the wa-ter in the manner of an inflated balloon. They ride the waves into the beaches and slide down slipthe beaches and slide down slip-pery rocks merely for the fun of it. Many times I have seen them come up with sticks in their up with sticks mouths and they have been seen throwing pieces of driftwood and ish, then retrieving them.

Aside from man who is permitted to shoot sea lions only

This majestic bull of the sea lion family, photographed by Karl Kenyon in Alaska, had no real foundation for the name which has been given him by men. Originally called "sea wolves" by the Spaniards who found them along the coast, the mammals are now identified as sea lions but actually are more closely related to bears. bears.

St

Ne Pren Part soug cour Gan Russ ergy full take pub thar lead stre ties, gave tion

> he pe fal Ne ioi a W lie

Rus

tor gra wit sig

wr

tio er nif we

MAN PLEADS GUILTY

Gerald Howes, 39, Felton, pleaded guilty to drunk driving before Municipal Court Judge James J. Scoppettone on Friday and was sentenced to serve 90 days in county jail. For Howes, arrested earlier in the day by city police after he left the scene of a minor accident on Pacific of a minor accident on Pacific avenue, it was the third drunk driving conviction. His operator's license was automatically revoked for good.

when they are damaging fish nets, the killer whale is about their only enemy. To an observer on land, the killer is a beautiful and magnificent creature. Jet black, marked with pure white, it moves like a torpedo in the water. To a sea lion unfortunate enough to be in the same body of water, the killer is a terrible foe, one that can slash him to pieces and devour him in minutes. The killer whale is the most ferocious thing in the sea.

Sea lions eat almost any species of marine animal which they can catch and swallow.

All animals contribute something to the good of their environment in one way or another. Thousands of humans have found pleasure in watching these aquatic performers. Clumsy and awkward on land, they are the picture of unfiring grace in the water.

Few sounds symbolize the rock-

water.

Few sounds symbolize the rockstrewn, fog-bound Pacific Coast
like the baying and bawling of
the sea lion. They are an integral
part of the west coast scene, a
part to be preserved; and the
east coast has no such animal.

PUBLIC NOTICE

NOTICE TO CREDITORS No. 14,458

In the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Santa Cruz.

In the Matter of the Estate of THEODORE E. THORSEN, also known as THEODORE EMIL THORSEN, Decreased.

THEODORE E. THORSEN, also known as THEODORE EMIL THORSEN, Deceased.

Notice Is Hereby Given by the Undersigned, DOROTHY JANE DeVORE, Administratrix of the estate of Theodore E. Thorsen, also known as Theodore Emil Thorsen, deceased, to the reditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, or said estate, to file them, with the necessary vouchers, in the office of the Clerk of the above named Court (which said office is situate in the Court House in the City of Santa Cruz in said County and State), within six months after the first publication of this notice made on the 20th day of November, 1955, or present and exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within said period, to the said Administratrix at the office of Messrs. J. Frank Murphy and Eugene J. Adams, Attorneys at Law, 1522 Pacific Avenue, in the City of Santa Cruz County of Santa Cruz State of