adoption

SC's Growing Shortage Of Babies For Adoption

Editor's Note: This is the first of a two-part series dealing with the diminishing supply of adoptable babies and the growing demands for adoption.

By WALLY TRABING Sentinel Staff Writer

Eleven young couples, cleared for adoption, await their babies.

Thirty-two couples currently are going through the clearing stages.

Seventeen more have made preliminary inquiries.

They will have a one- to twoyear wait, for the availability of adoptable infants now averages one per month, through the adoption office of the Santa Cruz County Welfare Department.

Times have changed.

A few years ago, there were too many babies. Parents interested in taking them as their own were hard to come by.

The life-style of young couples has directed the turn-about on both sides of the picture.

On the one hand, The Pill is preventing pregnancies among the casual sex ilk; the slips of genuine love, the growing acceptance of abortion, the increasing practive of unwed mothers keeping their babies are reducing the supply of newborn for adoption.

On the other hand, young married couples, responding to the

danger signals of over-population, are wanting to adopt, even though they are capable of having children of their own.

The other evening four couples sat in a meeting with Ivy Rand, adoption worker for the welfare department.

They are interested in adopting and the meeting was to orient them to the procedures.

Whatever the reason — religion, moral, lateness of pregnancy, a feeling — it is the mother's decision concerning the status of her child.

During the pregancy, say of an unwed teenager, she may-

(Continued on Page 2)

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have had the intentions of giv-

the child away.

But after birth — after she has touched it, felt it, maybe breast fed it — the maternal instinct may become too strong and she will change her mind,

or stall a decision.
"That's all right, too," said
Miss Rand, "It is her baby."
However, she is counseled as
to the importance of getting the baby into the hands of new parents as soon as possible for the baby's sake, if this might be her ultimate decision.

The mother must sign a re-

Highway 17 Resurfacing **Under Way**

Resurfacing of a mile of Highway 17 near Holy City will

begin today

Paving of all four lanes is expected to take at least two days, according to the state Diof Highways

vision of Highways
On Wednesday, immediately
following the paving, traffic
stripes will be repainted and
the placement of reflectorized pavement markers will be done.

During the work it will be necessary to restrict traffic to one lane in each direction.

This will be the last temporary lane closure for construction work on 17 between struction work on 17 between Los Gatos and Scotts Valley until after the Labor Day week

Chemists Attend UCSC Conference

Academic and industrial cooperation in chemistry research is being highlighted ference on Potentia ghlighted at a Con-Potential Energy Surfaces in Chemistry opened today at UCSC. which

Many top chemical theoreticians and experi ment alists throughout the world are atare attending the session, jointly sponsored by UCSC and International Business Machines Corporation's San Jose Research Laboratory. It will continue

through Thursday. Some 150 chemists were greeted this morning by Chancellor Dean McHenry and Dr. An-drew H. Eschenfelder, director of the San Jose laboratory.

(Continued from Page 1) | lease if she decides in the affirmative, and this is usually done shortly after she leaves the hospital.

If she signs, the papers go to Sacramento for processing and by this time the child is placed in a special foster home.

For it may take three to six weeks before the baby is medically cleared and released to new parents, she said.

Most couples want a perfect infant as young as possible so that its first recollections will of them.

Miss Rand stressed is vitally important that both sides be honest, for what is being dealt with is a human

being and not a product.

The prospective parents must be open about their life-style, their hang-ups, their personali-ties, good and bad.

The welfare department does not hide defects, mental or emotional or medical, is for life. The match

Some five meetings between potential parents and the agency are is made. held before a match

If the wait seems too long in this county, the couple can apply on a statewide basis and take their chances with a "computerized" baby.

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This June, said Miss Rand, a new system went into effect feeding the characteristics of both infants and potential parents into a computer.

It is still in the pioneering stage and there are still faults appears in the system she add.

aplenty in the system, she add-

The fee for adopting is \$500 L per child.

However, she said, the state P will subsidize the fee or waive seems of its part of it, according to couple's ability to pay. to the

Once the new parents sign fa the adoption paper, the child is theirs and it cannot be taken away by the original mother who, once she relinquishes her child, does not know who has adopted it.

Unfortunately the lack of chil-

dren does not mean there are

none available

There are the unwanted and the children in limbo.

The crippled, the emotionally disturbed, those not living with their natural parents, yet not replaced for adoption

released for adoption.

These kids remain in foster homes, sometimes for years.

Always waiting.

Part II will deal with these children in limbo.