

UCSC - History

**CHANCELLOR'S MEMO**

A NEWSLETTER FOR FRIENDS &amp; NEIGHBORS

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**GROWTH OR ATROPHY: THE MEANING OF PROPOSITION 2 TO UCSC**

As election time approaches, the radio, television and newspapers extoll the advantages or grievous results of the passage of various propositions. But the importance of Proposition 2 to the people of California, now and in the future, can scarcely be overstated.

In Proposition 2, the \$380 million bond issue which will provide funds for construction for the University of California, state colleges and junior colleges, lies the key to the future of the boys and girls now in our high schools and junior colleges.

For the Santa Cruz campus the passage of Proposition 2 is a matter of life itself. Two buildings are currently under construction and third is out to bid (Science Unit I, Central Services and Cowell College). These will accommodate the first year's class of 500 students. But what about the 1100 students expected to enroll in 1966, and the 1600 students anticipated in 1967?

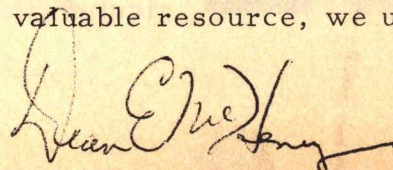
Buildings needed in 1966 and 1967 must be started immediately in order to be available on time. Some \$7,711,600 of Proposition 2 funds is earmarked for the following projects at Santa Cruz:

- Library Unit I (construction and equipment)
- College 2 (construction and equipment)
- College 3 (working drawings/construction)
- Central Heating Plant & Distribution System (working drawings/construction)
- Playing Fields and Field House (working drawings/construction)
- Fine Arts-Classroom Building (working drawings)
- Natural Science Unit II (working drawings)
- Utilities and Site Development
- Equipment for Cowell College and Natural Sciences I
- Acquisition of Books

As the Berkeley and Los Angeles campuses reach the top limits of enrollment, what will happen to students if the newer campuses do not have the facilities to accommodate them?

Future students will have to scrounge around for admission in whatever institutions will take them. A long gap in the building program might mean that no institution had space available. Then some young people would be completely deprived of the opportunity of going to college.

The cultural and economic future of our state depends on the skills of our young people. To assure the proper training of California's most valuable resource, we urge careful consideration of the merits of Proposition 2.



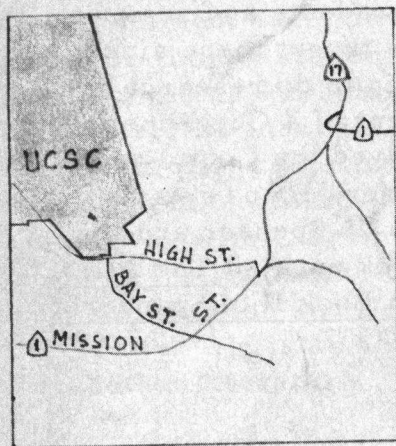


## ADMISSIONS APPLICATIONS

To date over 1000 applications for admission to the first class of UCSC in October, 1965, have been distributed to prospective students.

The first in-person request was made by Robert Childers of Monterey High School, who arrived early in the morning of October 1, the first day applications became available. Also applying in person the first day were twins Carolyn and David Sanford of Hollywood High School who flew to Santa Cruz in order to file early applications.

The initial undergraduate student body will consist of approximately 500 freshmen and junior students.



## OPEN HOUSE

Because of the great interest in the developments on the campus site, an OPEN HOUSE will be held Sunday afternoon, October 18, from 2 to 4 p. m. The gates will be open and the public is invited to drive through the campus and view the buildings under construction. Maps will be provided to assist in identifying building sites. Because of the extreme fire danger, no smoking will be allowed on the campus.



Chancellor McHenry (left), Robert Childers, Cowell College Provost Page Smith.